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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/587,529	06/01/2000	Yuji Kojima	FUJI 17.379	9500
26304 7	590 02/19/2004		EXAMINER	
	JCHIN ZAVIS ROSE	NGUYEN, QUANG N		
575 MADISON NEW YORK.	N AVENUE NY 10022-2585		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2141	11
			DATE MAILED: 02/19/200	4 //

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	117				
Office Action Summary		09/587,529	KOJIMA ET AL.					
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Quang N. Nguyen	2141					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with th	e correspondence address	;				
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr cause the application to become ABANDO	timety filed days will be considered timety. om the mailing date of this communi NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 J	lanuary 2004 .						
2a)⊠		is action is non-final.						
3)	,—							
· -	on of Claims							
-	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.						
	<u> </u>							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers	r election requirement.						
	•	_						
	The specification is objected to by the Examine		the Evenines					
10)[The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 June 2000</u> is/are: a)[Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
11/	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep		oroved by the Examiner.					
12) 🗍 .	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	•						
	inder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	nriority under 35 LLS C & 110	(a) (d) or (f)					
	X All b)	priority diluct 33 0.0.0. § 118	(a)-(u) or (i).					
۵,۱	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		ation No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International But	ity documents have been rece		Э				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not recei	ved.					
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(e) (to a provisional appli	ication).				
) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti							
Attachment								
2) 🔲 Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Inform	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) al Patent Application (PTO-152)					
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Detail Action

1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment B filed on 01/15/2004. Claims 1, 8 and 10 have been amended. Claims 1-12 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Large et al. (US 5,608,662), herein after referred as Large.
- 4. As to claim 1, Large teaches a packet data processing apparatus (a packet filter engine) for processing a packet received from a network by a processor, comprising:

a packet data access part, which has a plurality of registers arranged in series, shifting the received packet through the plurality of registers (i.e., a series of registers shown as pipeline register 130) toward an outlet in synchronization with a clock (i.e., in

synchronizing with control signals **135** generated by the receiver **120**) (Large, Fig. 1, C5: L29-67 and C6: L1-24);

wherein the processor processes the received packet (i.e., the processor 175 processes filtering the received packets such that only those packets that are accepted by the filter program as requiring processing by the data processing equipment 172 are routed for processing) while the received packet is being shifted through the plurality of registers, independently of an instruction order for processing the received packet (Large, C4: 21-27, C6: L32-48).

5. As to claim 2, Large teaches the packet data processing apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:

an intermediate data maintaining part, which has a plurality of registers arranged in series (i.e., a series of registers shown as pipeline register **130**), sequentially shifting intermediate data showing a process result of the received packet through the plurality of registers toward the outlet in synchronization with the clock (Large, C6: L5-24).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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7. Claims 3-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Large, in view of Angle et al. (US 6,519,225), herein after referred as Angle.

8. As to claims 3-7, Large teaches the packet data processing apparatus of claim 1, but does not explicitly teach further comprising a search table, wherein said processor searches the search table using data of the received packet, retrieves information corresponding to the data of the received packet and processes the received packet being shifted in accordance with a set of instructions for executing a checksum calculation and a Time-to-Live calculation.

In the related art, Angle teaches a method and apparatus for scheduling multicast data in an input-queued network device, wherein the forwarding logic 106 determines the output port(s) to which received packets need to be forwarded and performs other Internet Protocol (IP) header processing, such as appending the next hop Media Access Control (MAC) address (as well-known in the art, the MAC address is a 48-bit field that includes addresses for both source addresses and destination addresses that can be unicast, multicast or broadcast addresses) retrieved from a forwarding data base (i.e., a search table), updating the Time-to-Live (TLL) field, and calculating a new header checksum (Angle, C4: L20-26).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Large and Angle to include the steps of searching the search table to retrieve information corresponding to

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the data of the received packet and processing the received packet with a set of instructions for executing a checksum and Time-to-Live calculation because it were conventionally employed in the art to allow the system to identify the destination address in the received packet, retrieve the transmission information (from the forwarding database, i.e., search table) and calculate the header error checksum to determine how and whether to route the information received to the destinations or applications for which they are intended.

- 9. Claims 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Large, in view of Klim et al. (US 6,519,225), herein after referred as Klim.
- 10. As to claims 8-10, Large teaches the packet data processing apparatus of claim 1, but does not explicitly teach a plurality of processors being connected in series in that packet sequentially passes through the plurality of processors.

In the related art, Klim teaches a data processing apparatus that has a number of data processors connected in a series by data lines so that data signals are processed in a preceding processor and communicated to a succeeding processor in the series, comprising:

a plurality of processors being connected in series (Pa, Pb, Pc and Pd of Fig. 3), wherein each processor receives and processes data, holds the processed data, and then sends the data to the next processor in the pipeline or to a receiving device at the end of the pipeline (Klim, C4: L34-37).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Large and Klim to have a plurality of processors being connected in series in that the received data packet is sequentially shifted and processed through the plurality of processors since such methods were conventionally employed in the art to process data in stages where the processing result of one state is passed to a subsequent stage for further processing by succeeding processors (pipeline processors) in the series or to have a series of interconnected processing stages, where the stages may operate concurrently to improve the processing data at a very high speed in a series of processors environment.

- 11. Claims 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Large, in view of Donley (US 6,081,538).
- 12. As to claims 11-12, Large teaches the packet data processing apparatus of claim 1, but does not explicitly teach further comprising a write/read-position changing part changing a write/read-position of said plurality of registers of the packet data access part where the write/read-position defines an inlet/outlet point at which said packet data access part receives/sends the packet from/to an exterior thereof.

In the related art, Donley teaches a network node for receiving a packet of data written from the network and providing the packet to the network including a first counter that produces a write-point signal to select a first one of the registers to receive the first

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data from the network (i.e., to define an inlet point at which said packet data access part receives the packet from an exterior thereof) and a second counter that produces a read-point signal with a further register being selected by the read-point signal to provide the second data to the network (i.e., to define an outlet point at which said packet data access part sends the packet to an exterior thereof) (Donley, Abstract, C3: L38-67 and C4: L1-36).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Large and Donley to include a write/read-position changing part changing a write/read-position of said plurality of registers of the packet data access part where the write/read-position defines an inlet/outlet point at which said packet data access part receives/sends the packet from/to an exterior thereof because it were conventionally employed in the art to allow the system to synchronize the control signals and data signals with the clock signals to configure the input/output data signals for receiving (inputting) and delivering (outputting) the data to the appropriate destinations.

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Response to Arguments

13. In the remarks, applicant argued in substance that

(A) Prior Arts fail to provide means for the state machine to process portions

of the packet while the received packet is being shifted through the plurality of registers.

As to point (A), Large teaches a single processor 175, a memory unit 170 and a

single system bus 165 constitute the attached data processing equipment 172 which

stores, reads and tests every single byte in the incoming (received) packet to determine

one of the three possible outcomes: rejecting the incoming packet, accepting the

incoming packet or performing subsequent tests (Large, C6: L25-48). Hence, Large

does teach means for the state machine to process portions of the packet while the

received packet is being shifted through the plurality of registers.

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- 14. Applicant's arguments as well as request for reconsideration filed on 01/15/2004 have been fully considered but they are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 15. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quang N. Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 305-8190.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's SPE, Rupal Dharia, can be reached at (703) 305-4003. The fax phone number for the organization is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3800/4700.

Quang N. Nguyen

LE HIEN LUU PRIMARY EXAMINER